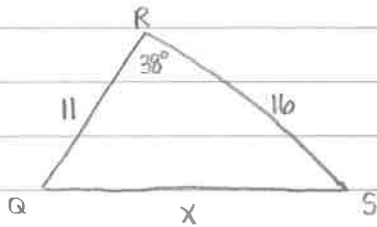


## GEOMETRY (SECTION 8.6)

7.

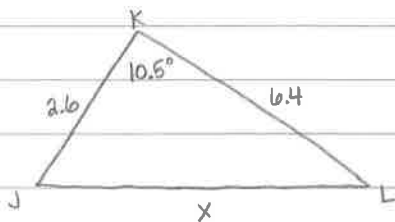


$$x^2 = 11^2 + 16^2 - 2(11)(16)\cos(38)$$

$$x^2 = 99.62 \dots$$

$$x \approx 9.98$$

9.

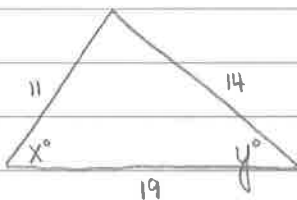


$$x^2 = (2.6)^2 + (6.4)^2 - 2(2.6)(6.4)\cos(10.5)$$

$$x^2 = 14.99 \dots$$

$$x \approx 3.87$$

11.



$$14^2 = 11^2 + 19^2 - 2(11)(19)\cos(x)$$

$$-296 = -2(11)(19)\cos(x)$$

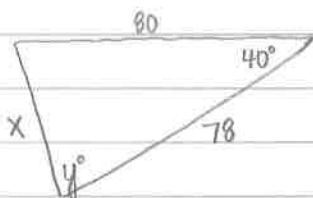
$$\cos(x) = .684 \dots \quad x = 46.82^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin(46.82)}{14} = \frac{\sin(y)}{11}$$

$$11 \cdot \sin(46.82) = 14 \sin(y)$$

$$\sin(y) = .573 \dots \quad y = 34.96^\circ$$

13.



$$x^2 = 78^2 + 80^2 - 2(78)(80)\cos(40)$$

$$x^2 = 2923.76 \dots$$

$$x = 54.07$$

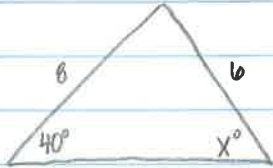
$$\frac{\sin(y)}{80} = \frac{\sin(40)}{54.07}$$

$$80 \sin(40) = 54.07 \sin(y)$$

$$\sin(y) = .951 \dots$$

$$y = 72^\circ$$

19.



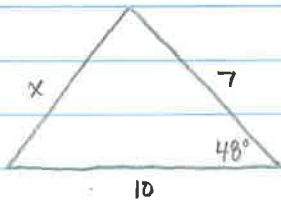
$$\text{Law of Sines} = \frac{\sin(40)}{8} = \frac{\sin(x)}{8}$$

$$8 \sin(x) = 8 \sin(40)$$

$$\sin(x) = .857 \dots$$

$$x = 58.99^\circ$$

20.

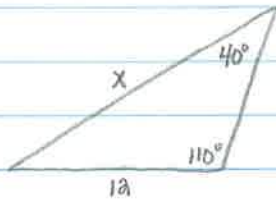


$$\text{Law of Cosines} = x^2 = 7^2 + 10^2 - 2(7)(10) \cos(48)$$

$$x^2 = 55.38 \dots$$

$$x = 7.44$$

21.

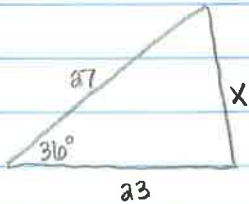


$$\text{Law of Sines} = \frac{\sin(40)}{12} = \frac{\sin(110)}{x}$$

$$x \sin(40) = 12 \sin(110)$$

$$x = 17.54$$

22.



$$\text{Law of Cosines} = x^2 = 23^2 + 27^2 - 2(23)(27) \cos(310)$$

$$x^2 = 253.20 \dots$$

$$x = 15.91$$